

MINDFUL ATTENTION AWARENESS SCALE (MASS)

The MAAS is a 15-item scale designed to assess a core characteristic of dispositional mindfulness, namely, open or receptive awareness of and attention to what is taking place in the present.

The scale shows strong psychometric properties and has been validated with college, community, and cancer patient samples. Correlational, quasi-experimental, and laboratory studies have shown that the MAAS taps a unique quality of consciousness that is related to, and predictive of, a variety of self-regulation and well-being constructs.

Please discuss the results with your Coach.

Instructions:

Below is a collection of statements about your everyday experience. Using the 1-6 scale below, please indicate how frequently or infrequently you currently have each experience.

Please answer according to what really reflects your experience rather than what you think your experience should be. Please treat each item separately from every other item.

To score the scale, simply compute an average of the 15 items. Higher scores reflect higher levels of dispositional mindfulness.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Almost Always	Very Frequently	Somewhat Frequently	Somewhat Infrequently	Very Infrequently	Almost Never
Always	rrequently	rrequently	illiequelity	illifequently	ivevei

Total Score	Average (total / 15)
Overall Disposition Mindfulness	



1	2	3	4		5			6	
Almost Always	Very Frequently	Somewhat Frequently	Somewhat Infrequent		Very Infrequently		tly	Almost Never	
I could be experiencing some emotion and not be conscious of it until some time later. 1 2 3 4								5	6
I break or spill things because of carelessness, not paying attention, or thinking of something else.				1	2	3	4	5	6
I find it diffi present.	cult to stay focused	on what's happenin	g in the	1	2	3	4	5	6
I	lk quickly to get who what I experience al		ut paying	1	2	3	4	5	6
	o notice feelings of p ally grab my attentio		iscomfort	1	2	3	4	5	6
I forget a pe for the first	rson's name almost time.	as soon as I've beer	told it	1	2	3	4	5	6
It seems I ar of what I'm	n "running on autor doing.	natic," without muc	th awareness	1	2	3	4	5	6
I rush throu	gh activities without	being really attentive	ve to them.	1	2	3	4	5	6
-	nsed on the goal I wa m doing right now t		lose touch	1	2	3	4	5	6
I do jobs or I'm doing.	tasks automatically,	without being awar	e of what	1	2	3	4	5	6
	f listening to someon lse at the same time.	_	ng	1	2	3	4	5	6
I drive place there.	s on 'automatic pilo	t' and then wonder	why I went	1	2	3	4	5	6
I find myself	f preoccupied with t	he future or the pas	t.	1	2	3	4	5	6
I find myself	f doing things witho	ut paying attention.		1	2	3	4	5	6
I snack with	out being aware that	I'm eating.		1	2	3	4	5	6

Source:

Brown, K.W. & Ryan, R.M. (2003). The benefits of being present: Mindfulness and its role in psychological well-being. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 84, 822-848.